The above Pamous Family Medicibes and for sale, wholesale and reisil, by NOAH RIDGELY, Proprietor, Baltimore; No. 65 Baneverst, GIDEON WHITE, and

JEREMIAH HUGHES,

Who have just received fresh supplies.

Plesso to observe, what ever, and where ever you buy, none can be Lee's Gertuins

Family Med one without the signature of the propriet of NOAH RIDGELY.

Late Michael Lee & Co.

The State of Maryland, To all whom

produced to the executive of this state, an exequator signed by the president

of the United States, and sealed with

the seal of the said states, recognizing

him as Consul of His Majerty the

King of the Netherlands for the port

of Baltimore, and places ther unto be-

longing. Ordered, That the said re-

cognition be published, for the infor-mation and government of the people

of this state. Given under my hand

and, the seal of the state of Maryland,

this eighth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hun-

By the Governor, NINIAN FINKNEY,

JAMES MORROE,
President of the United States of A-

merick

To all whom it may concern: J. J.

Hoogewerff, having produced to me

his commission as Consul of His Ma-jesty the King of the Netnerlands, for

the Port of Ball more, and places

thercunto belonging, I hereby recognize him as such and declare him free

to Consuls of the most favoured nations in the United States. In testi-

mony whereof Lhave caused these let-

ters to be mad, patent, and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affix-

Given under my hand and seal at the city of Washington, the twenty-fifth day of May, A D. 1823, and of

of America the forty seventh.

John Luincy Adams,

e President,

Secretary of State.

times in the Maryland Gazette at An-

Federal Gazette at Baltimore; the Ex-

aming at Frederick-town; Maryland

Hera'd, Hager's Town; the Star, at East n; National Intelligencer, and Bord of Union at Hille-Air. Aug. 14.

NOTICE.

Fort Severn. July 21. 1825.

Proposals will be received until the 20th of August for a contract for turnishing the

of Angest for a contract for furnishing the
post at Foir Severn, with 175 cords of good
oak wood, to be delivered at the Post, by
the last of November 123 Up Severn
wood will be preferred.
T. V. JENDRUM,
U. S. Army, Post Quarter Master.

Wanted to Purchase,

A young negro man who understands

taking care of horses, and can drive a

carriage and wait at table; for such a

one a reasonable price in cash will be

given, likewise a boy from 10 to 14

years of age, of good haracter is wanted. Enquire at the office,
June 26.

250 Dollars Reward.

about 12 miles from Baltimore, near Poulcon's Tavern, on the main road from Balti-

more to Annapolis, on the 10th of May, a mulatto man named BILL, 33 years.

of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches

high, rather slender made, has a scar

over one of his eyes, and one of his little fingers crooked Had on and took with him one snuff coloured

broad cloth coat, one dark home made

kersey roundabout, one black bomba-

zette waistcoat, one pair of dark cord-

ed pantalets, one pair, of good shoes,

lined and bound, and a tolerable good

Ran away from the

sobscriber living in Anne-Arundel county,

dence of the United States

JAMES MONROE.

oregoing to be published three

the Fatriot, American and

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Clerk of he Council.

dred and twenty three.
SAMUEL STEVENS, Jr.

it may concern: J. J. Hoogewerff, Esquire, having

Annapolis, August 8, 1825

In Council,

he found these branches existing, and be came their patron and their friend. As long as the Romans governed the isle, Ma-

sonry flourished;—when they departed, it languished awhile, but did not expire.

-In the 6th century, we find the members rallying under the Grand Master St. Austin, and erecting the cathedrals of

St. Paul and Canterbury In the 8th century, the illustrious Alfred was their pro

tector, and under his auspices they rebuilt

the palaces and castles which the Dans

had ravaged. During the reign of Athels tan, the York Masons were chartered, un

der the Grand Master Prince Edwin, It

the order, and paid allegiance to its authori-ty. Under the imperious 4th Henry, Cardi nal Woolsey was our Grand Master, and was succeeded by toeroll fitted. Essex; and

soon after we see even the jeatous Elizabeth.

becoming their protectiess. From this time

downwards, the p oudest names in the kingdom adorn our annals—the immortal Inigo Jones—the distinguished earls of

Pembrike, of Bedford, and of Arundel-

the versatile duke of Wharton, and the generous, high-spirited Buccleughr-it was

e who first founded the fund for distressed

Masons, which has ever sin e been one of

the general principles of the fraternity. In all the other countries of the earth, the

history of Masonry has been similar. As we follow it down the series of years, we find it growing more and more powerful, and now existing in every land that is in-

habited by civilized man. We find that it has gone hand in hand with Christianity.

that in proportion to its prevalence nations

have been redeemed from barbarism-that

pable, in subduing the fierce, in improving

the wild, in cherishing the unfortuna e, it

protecting the injured, and in resisting the oppressive. Its signs have been an univer

sal language, which has enabled men of

different complexions and strange tongues to know and to befriend each other. By its aid, the dark Æthrop has pledged the friendly hand with the fair-browed Russier

sian, and the olive Spaniard has become the brother of the sunbrowned wanderer

of the Ganges; and in every land where the

order has extended, its numerous secrets navebeenfaithfully observed from age to age "

WEST SPRINGFIELD SO'D FOR A WHEEL-BARROW.

From Dr Dwight's Travels

. Springfield is the oldest town in the coun-

ty of Hampshire, and originally included West Springfield and Longmeadow. The following account of a singular incident

following account of a singular incident which took place in the first settlement of this township, was communicated to me in the year 1799, by Capt. Noble, a respectable inhabitant of Hoosac, N. Y at Noble's falls, who was then about 76 years of age. It was transmitted from his ancestor, one

square of three miles on a side. The carpenter had constructed a clumsy wheel barrow; for which the tai or offered to make him a suit of clothes, or convey to him the land. After some deliberation he exchanged the wheel-barrow for the land. This tract contained the best settled part of West. Springfield: many an acre of which might now be sold, for the purposes of cultivation only, at the price of \$100. I will not assert, that there is no error in the story; yet on the face of it there is nothing improbable.

When a fourth part of a township, of the

when a fourth part of a Lownship, of the common size, was sold by one Englishman to another for a wheel-barrow; it will be asily believed, that it was of still less value to the Aborigines To an Englishman it was valuable as the future subject of culti-

vation: to an Indian as the haunt of game

[VOL. LXXVIII.

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JONAS GREEN, CHURCH-STREET. ANNAPOLIS.

Price-Three Dollars per Annum.

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WEEKLY	ALMANAC.	•

., 1, 2,						
1823 - SEPT	1 Sun	Rises	Sun	Sel		
	I H.	M.	H			
4 Thursday	34	36	6	2		
5 Friday	5	37	6	2		
6 Saturday	5	38	6	2		
7 Sunday	5	.39	6	2		
8 Money	. 5	41	6	1		
9 Tuesday	5	4 2	6	1		
10 Wednesday	5	43	16	1		

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

Flour, best white wheat, \$7—
Superfine \$5.50—fine do \$6.25—Wharfdo.
\$6.12.1.2—White Wheat, \$1.17 to 1.20—
Red do \$1.10 to 1.15—liye 45 cts.—
Corn 41 cents—Country Oats, 28
cents.—Beef, 8 cents per pound—
Ref. \$5.50 per cyty.—Ba. cents.——Beef, 8 cents per pound——Live cattle, \$6 to \$6 50 per cwt. — Bacon, hog round, 10 dollars ——Pork \$8 50 to 550 per clb.—6 to 8 cents per lb — Mutton, 5 to 6 cts.per lb — Beans \$1371-2 to 150 — Peas, black eyed, 55 to 60 cts.—Red Clover seed \$6 ——Timothy, seed \$450 —Flax Seed 75 to 80 cts.—Whiskey, from the waysons 35 to 36 cents, per gall \$4.50 — Flax Seed 75 to 80 cts — Whitely, from the waggons, 35 to 36 cents. per gall — Apple brandy, 30 to 32 cts. — Peach do. 65 to 70 cents. — Shad, \$6 — Herrings, No 1, \$2.70 per bbl — No. 2, \$2.37 l-2 — Fine salt 60 to 65 cts. per bushel —

Coarse, do. 70.

Maryland Tobacco.

Extra fine yellow, \$28 to 35, wantedfine do \$18 to 25 do. do — Fine Spangled.
\$12 to 20, do do — Fine Red, \$6 to 10—
good do. \$10.00 plenty. no. denand—common \$2 to \$4 do do — Seconds \$1.2 to 20. mon \$2.55 \ do?do \ \text{-2} \ \text{-2} \ \text{-2} \ \text{-2} \ \text{-2} \ \ \tex

To the Voters OF THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS Fellow Citizens.

The enquiry has been lately frequently made, whether it was my intention to be a candidate to represent the city That all further conversation on this subject may be put to rest, this method is taken to inform the voters of Annapolis, that I am a candidate, and if elected and my life spared, shall use my best endeavours to represent them faithfully. And as there is no doubt but some of my opponents will use all sorts of means, and make efforts of all descriptions to prevent my election. I have to ask of my fellow citizens to be on their guard against erroneous representations, assuring them, that they will be met, (if made known) promptly and without fear of a canvass before the people collected. I shall take no unbecoming steps against those that are or that hereafter may be candidates My purpose and pretensions have never been disguised, and will be steadily, candidly and fear lessly pursued. LEWIS DEVALL June 9th, 1823.

June 9th, 1823.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND

Commenced her regular routes on Saturdry the 8th of March, at 8 o'clock A. M. from Commerce-street wharf for Annapolis and Easton, leaving Annapolis at half past 12 o'clock for Easton, and on Sunday the 9th, will leave Easton, by way of Todd's Point. the same hour, for Annapolis and Battimore; leaving Annapolis at half past 2 o'clock, and continue to leave the a bove places as follows:—Commerce-street wharf, Baltimore, on Wednes days and Saturdays, and Easton on Sundays and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, till the first of November, and then leave the above places one hour sooner, so as to arrive before dark. Persons wishing to go from Easton to Oxford can be landed for fifty cents each, the same from Oxford to Easton. Passen gers wishing to proceed to Philadel phia will be put on board the Union Line of steam-boats in the Patapsco river, and arrive there by 9 o'clock

the next morning.
The Maryland commenced her route from Baltimore to Queen's-town & Chester town, on Monday, the 10th day of March, leaving Commerce-street wharf at 9 o'clock every Monday, and Chester town every l'aesday the same hour for Queen's town & Baltimore during the season-Horses and carriages will be taken on board from either of the above places-All

bagging at the risk of the course.
All persons expecting small pack ages, or other freight, will send for their when the heat arrives; pay freight and take it in the CKARS.

Misobility about

GO BREEZE THAT SWEEPS. Go breeze that sweeps the orange grove,
And breathe a sigh to him I love,
But whose pray do not tell.
Go limpid river let him know,
Tears with your silver waters flow,

But not from whom they fell. Go bird that makes the grove so gay, Still let him hear the tender lay, But say not it was mine, Sleep, whisper solly in his ear, The heart that hides his image here,

But do not say 'tis mine.

THE SAILORS RETURN.
Ohl dry thy tears, my weeping boy,
Thy mother grieves to hear thee;
Renew thy lovely smile of joy,
For comfort now is near thee. The spring, that with its genial showers, Unbinds the earth, and wakes the flowers, Now bids us hope for happier hours,

Thy father comes, my darling boy, From sea perhaps, to morrow; To light our hearts to love and joy, And chase each sigh of sorrow. Now winter's dreaty rain is o'er, He roams o'er distant seas no more, But seeks again his mative shore;— 'Tis Hope's sweet dream I borrow.

And brighter scenes to cheer thee.

THE PILGRIMAGE OF LIFE. BY JAMES MONTGOMERY, Esq. How blest the pilyrim who in trouble Can lean upon a bosom friend; Strength, courage, hope, with him redou

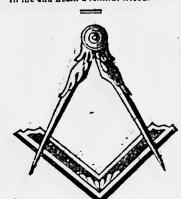
When foes assail or griefs impend. Care flies before his footsteps, straying At day break o'er the purple heath. He placks the wild flowers round him play-

ing, And binds their beauties in a wreath. More dear to him the field, and mountains,
When with his friend abfoad he roves,
Rests in the shade near sunny fountains,
Or talks by moonlight through the

groves;
For him the vine expands its clusters
Spring makes for him her woodlandquire
Yea though the storm of winter blusters, I'is summer by his ev'ning fire.

In good old age serenely dying, When all he lov'd forsakes his view, Sweet s affection's voice replying, "I follow soon," to his "adieu;"

Nay then, though earthly ties are riven, The spirit's union will not end. In life and death a faithful friecd.



MASONIC —Extract from an Address to the Members of Solomon's Lodge, of Poughkeepsie, on the anniversary of St John the Baptist, June 24, A. L. 5523— by James G. Brooks, Eq. (4) have said that one of the objects of Ma-

But this is not all—she not only extends the friendly hand—she hath also her hanner and word The torm of war hath shaken banner, blood hath crimsoned that e But never has her cross been upswore Bit never has her cross been unrearedan the cause of injustice. It was for
the pure faith that her warriors bled—it was
against the shield of oppression that her
spear rattled. In the 11th cen ury, ferce
consulsions agitated the eastern would. A
destroying lion rushed down from the mountains of Imaus, and shook his mane in red
triumph. The victorious Saladin reared
the Saracen crescent on the turrets of the
holy city, and streiched his subduing arm
afar over hill and valley. But a cloud was
gathering in the west, whose shadows
threatened to veil that crescent. The dark
browed lberian left the fair banks of his browed Iberian left the fair banks of his golden river-and the impetuous Gaul pour-ed down from the blue Pyrenees-the white sails of Albion were set on the main, and sails of Albion were set on the mann, and the shrill horn on the blue-eyed German was heard afar from his native vales amidst the sands of Syria. Then the sword of Mannier was unsheathed, and powerful was its blow. Bear witness we wasted fields of Samaria, we broken battlements of Aska. lon, and ye tenantless walls of Jerusalem Jerusalem! beneath thy bulwarks sleep ou valiant of vore--century after century hast thou seen the hones of heroes bleaching in decay, while from the ruined towers the owl hath hooted to her dusky paramour, and the forest lion hath made his lair is the sepulchie of Christ. When the fiery crescent floated in proud and martial defiance -when the temple was broken down-the alter profaned-and the incense extinguish ed - when

From Naphtali's forest to Galilee's wave The sands of Sammer drank the blood of the brave," The sands of Sansar drank the blood of the brave,"
then the hampions of Masonry were the
champions of faith—then the cloud of their
numbers rolled, and their shout of vengeance
rung through the woods of Palestine. Nor
rolled that cloud, nor rose that shout in
vain; our gallant Templars and our knights
of St. John marched to the trump of tri

of St. John marched to the trump of tri
umph, and the red cross of our order wa
ved victorious on Mount Calvary.

NWa date our constitution from the ercetion of Solomon's Temple at Jerusalem—
We were then first regularly organised. At
that time there were three thousand, three
hondred masters, and one funding and fifty
thousand imprior members. These were

the operative Meiem, who under the direct wanting to prevent the hameful claudestine that of our first grand mives Hiram, frame metrieges of minors, and a choice bill for it that care tracted with the world. There she him, witho Judges, but to this he objected, wanting to prevent the hameful claudestine metrieges of minors, and each of hid being pride and may at the principal promoter of the hill yet the principal promoter of the was seence. In the Holy Land, then was first clouded that order which has state branched so extended by a to cover ever wistlized. little known, and herefore not mentioned in the annals of his time. At this period ed so extensively as to cover every highlized portion of the earth. As we track the course in the annals of his time. At this period public breakfastings and balls in the morning, at sundry holds of entertainment in the environs of London; were universally the rouge. The places most frequented by bersons of distinction were Ruckholt house in Essex, and Putney Bowling green house, but as the company could not fall of being miscellaneous when more was a series. of lime, we find it increasing in mambers and in power in the dark ages of the 13th and 14th centuries, when all the other fine arts were crushed beneath the strong arm of superstition, we see our fraternity, and det the regular government of their grand master, marching from nation to nation, encamping in different countries; and again miscellaneous when money was taken at the door it som happened that a sharper danced with the Earl of Tilney's sister; at ing the earth with splendid temples and lasting monuments. In Germany and Bri Ruckholthouse engaged her affections, & was on the point of being clandestinely married to the tady, when fortunately, his tain, etupendous works now in ruin, attes their, labours. It would weary 'voor pati ence to give even's sketch of Masynryfrom itt foundation until the present time. I shall character was discovered Nearly the same event-happened to Miss Pelnam, sister to Mr. H. Pelham and the Duke, this Jady found an amiable partner at Putney Bowlonly ask your aftention to a very few leading facts in one country, which prove the high antiquity and standing of our order, ing green boase, (with whom she frequent ly da ced.) who madea declaration of love which was so favourably received by Miss Five hundred years before the Christian gra, Pythagoras, one of our ancient hreihien, visited Britain. & established branches of our society among the celebrated Druids of the island. Four centuries afterwards, when Julius Gwsar planted his victorious standard onthebanks of the Thames, befound these branches estating, and he P that she invited him to her brother's house, where he made several visits, and had absolutely gained her consent to marry him, when a general officer accidentally paying a visit one a ternoon while the gallant was there, directly knew him to be M. Lean, the notorious highwayman, who

TURKISH PROCESSION.

had robbed him twice on the highway -The adventurer retired with the greatest precipitation; and the general finding that his discovery did not make that strong im-

pression upon Miss P's aund which might

have been expec ed flew to Mr. P. & laid

the matter before him, which animated the

minister to promote the Marriage Act

The following account of a Turkish fast forcibly and lamen ably exhibits the power of that superstition of which Mahomet was was at this time that nobies, princes and of that supersition of which Mahomet was king were millated into the augustice of the founder of the Sulfate Clim having been constantly defeated in his wars with the Germans, who were commanded by the great Eugene, and being alraid of losing his crown and his life by popular insur-rections, endeavoured to amuse the people, and divert them from rebellious thoughts,

by proclaiming a fast. He therefore issued the following proclamation: "Ashmed Selim, Sultan Emperor of the east and west, Lord of Lords, true imitator of the prophet Mahome, &c &c - The Grand Sultan being apprehensive that the hanc of the Great God is stretched out gainst his government, and his subjects, since he permits them to be oppressed and tormented by their enemies the Christians. who have varioushed them several times both by sea and land, and salt this because the Mussulmen have corrupted thems-lyes, and become too confident of their powers. l'o appease the wrath of God, therefore, & [here follow forms of religious ceremonies

perel follow forms of religious ceremonies peculiar to the Mahometan creed, and then the order of the procession, from which the following is an extract:]

... The procession shall begin with a coffin filled with dead meu's hones, broken scimeters, &c carried by 600 Turks, clothed in penitential habits, barefooted and bare headed without to have headed, without tu: haus.

.. Three hundred Musselmen shall follow. with habits dved in blood and strewed with ashes, striking their breasts, with lamenta ble outcries and doleful howlings

"Six thousand, naked from their heads to their girdles, shall lash their breasts and shoulders with thorns, till the blood dropshoulders with thorns, till the bload drop-peth on the ground, without their wipfing it

"The coffin of the Prophet, supported by 30 Saphis without turbans, surrounded by four hundred Bashaws, with drawn scimeters, to destroy all who shall look on

the coffin without respect, and whose bodies shall be cast to the dogs

"At every quarter of a mile, an ass and a Jew shall be killed, and let on the ground

a Jew shall be killed, and let on the ground weltering in their blood.

Thirty land Bashaws shall be without purple, and with pitiful turbans of a black stuff dipped in the blood of the ass and

Jew In fine, this procession shall be closed by an innumerable multitude of people, in the midst of whom there shall be an hunon the persons concerned
One of the first planters in Springfield
was a tailor, and another a carpenter. The
tailor had for a small consideration pure
tailor of an Indian chief a tract of land, in
what is now West Springfield, forming a
square of three miles on a side. The carenter had constructed a clumbar wheat har-

From London papers.
THE DISBANDING of the REGIMENT. [From the Lucubrations of Humphrey Raveln, Esq] "What worse evils, Humprey, can stare

in the world?"

Wirus, true,!! cried I, "and poor S—
would feel that. I wonder how the devil I eame not to request you to induce him to be of your party here?"

"Why I did take upon me to ask him for you, Humphrey, but I could not prevail upon him. It seemed as if he looked upon the question as an insult, if you asked him where he meant to settle. He had, and perhaps wished to have, no other-home than the regiment. You know he had never left it since he joined in ...ninety eight — it was literally turning him out on the wide world; and yet he swore he would never join another corps—Poor fellow! we did not mind his irritability. Somehow or other, every one of the old hands seemed to display some new good quality as they were vation; to an Indian as the haunt of game. The small prices, paid by the first colonists for the lands in this country, are no evidence that the bargains were fraudulent, or inequitable. To the Indian without an English purchaser, the land was often werth nothing; and to the colonist its value was created by his labour The censures passed created by his lanour and censures passed upon he colonists for their manner of pur-chasing, are therefore groundless. The price which they actually gave, small ari-seems, was ordinarily a fair-onf, (and, so far as I know, always,) and perfectly shisother, every one of the old hands seemed to display some new good quality as they were about to be separated. There was but one factory to the original proprietors.

ORIGIN OF THE BRITISH MARRI
AGE ACI, as depot in England when any thing was going mouted annually, commodities worth 10, now actively. He was now all martial ing on out of it. He was now all martial ing on out of it. He was now all martial ing on out of it. He was now all martial ing on out of it. He was now all one the same series of the produce of whose industry sells for the same series of percent, the profits on more fighting. Should, not be safry, the profits of the cabinet by that great politician, Earl Hardwicks, none gave so much disapprohistion as the time as the Marriage Act.

Some prudential regulations were indeed as soon as he pleased. We had some display as a soon as he pleased. We had some display and the cabinet towards your cheerful nest.

Or all the onpopular decards of the produce of the marking would be reduced. Suppose wages rise I per cent. The profits of the opportunity of visiting his industry sells for the same thouse of the marking of the marking the towards your cheerful nest.

Some produces annually, commodities worth 10, per committee and the following produces annually, commodities worth 10, per committee and the following produces annually, commodities worth 10, per committee and the following produces annually, commodities worth 10, per committee and the following produces annually, commodities worth 10, per committee and the towards with a marking the towards with a markin

culty to tolerate the jackanages; but

culty to tolerate the jackanages; but we did We had nothing in common with him yor he with us.

"But the worst of the business was the farewell visits to the married people, I shall never forget the acens at him a locking sit went to whate bands with Mrs R.— bus fore he set on Sha was locking sgitted and careworn, yet obliged to exert herself in preparation for the journey. Then there was the children fretful and troublesome, and ever in the way, had troublesome, wilking about the room, with his hands in his pockets, labouring to put a cheerful air upon what was inevitable; now whistling Erin go bragh, now talking, while every expression of his countrance belied him, of the satisfaction of retiring to a nate little box in the county of Carlow.—You and I box in the county of Carlow .- You and know what that means well enough; and so did poor Mrs. R-too, or there is no did poor Mrs. R. Loo, or tiefe in or troth in physiognomy. I got the business over you will believe, as fast as I. could.—But you can iancy all this without my prosing-over the business."

"Yes, yes." aid I, "I can indeed, but

how did the men receive the news?

"Why, variously; most of them were pleased, for you know novelty is every thing to a soldier; but to do them justice, they were all striving to shew some little additional token of respect to their officers, as the time drew nearer. Thoughtless creatures! I knew well there would be few who would not very soon give their ears to be back again Some I did put out a handto save. We had a dozen or two of the old Penipsula men, whose characters I completely understood—braveas Roman legionaries, and under the restraints of discipline. not bad members of the community, but whose natural carelessnes of right and wrong had not heen approved by the license of campaigning. I knew, if they were turned loose, they would fall into crime, disgrace, and punishment; I could not help the state of the state feeling an interest in the rascals, and I told them honestly what I foresaw, They took the hint; said they believed I was right; and desiring to enlist into the lat Battalion, we procured permission for them to do so.

our Second Ba talion was extinct We had resolved, however, to close the scene by dining after the ceremony. The mess room, in which many a joyous hour had flown in thoughlless merriment, was decorated for the occision. The walls were covered, for the tast time, with blazonry of the memora-ble days of our Peninsula services. At the head hung those colours, in tatters, which we received in 1805, on the ormation of the battalion. Besides many glorious occasions on which they had been unturied in the field, they had accompanied us, your emember, Ravelin, where colours are rarely borne At the assault of Rodrigo, poor R—who afterwards fell at Bajados, ordered them to be carried forward with us; as we were, according to the arrangement of the attack, to move no farther than the fausse braye in the ditch; but when he did afterwards contrary to the original inten-tion advance to the breach itself, they, of

course went with us."

"They did," said I, and R., gallant iell w as he was, seized one of them himself when he led the men on "

"Opposite to them, Humphrey hung the new colours which we received on our landng from Spain We had hoped that they too would have lost their freshness like the torcing the Colonel into the chair, and fels the compliment justly. As we moved into the room for the last time and the band the room for the last time and the band' struck up our regimental march, a chord of sympathy was touched within us. But I hate these inlet recollections—let us have done with them. I shall tell you only of the close—The cloth was removed, and the first toast, standing, and in silence was— the memory of the 2d Battalion!—We had a stripling in the Comm. who fancied himstne memory of the 20 matation:— we had a stripling in the Corps, who fancied himself a Poet. He had joined us too lae to share in the days of our triumph, but he loved the Regiment with all the entinusiasm of a boy, and he would strive to celebrate its glorie. He had a Song for the occasion, and it was sung by another of the lads. after the toast. I have a copy for you, Humphrey: -

You flag that once triumphant wav'd

()'er old Rodrige's walls, And thence the Gallic Eagle scar'd,

Now, sadly drooping, falls: Yet while the pride of British arms And British prowess lives, Those Dragoon Banners ne'er shall want The meed that valor gives.

Around those tatter'd standards once Firm as their i-land oak, A gailant band of El Boden The hostile torrent broke

The hostile torrent broke.
Past are those triumphs, past the hours.
Which flew mid testive mirth;
And gone, for ever gone, the days.
Which gave those pleasures birth.
Iff.
And must indeed, the social tie.
Which each to other drew.

Which each to oth:r drew, And balmy friendship's hallow'd hands, Must they be broken too? Oh, no! while yet the life blood warms

One heart that's beating here, That heart shall ofe and oft recall This parting with a tear.

This parting with a tear.

Doggrel as it is, Humphrey, we could not stand it. Old D—cried like a child—can't help it, boys, can't help it! was all his apology. We are a parcel of old fools. Ravelin: for there were few dry eyes amongst us. We appealed to the bottle-for a cheerful parting, but our success was very indifferent. I determined to see no more of my old comrades since separate we must and they had not rise from their last. must and they had noticisen from their last meeting when I stole away, and threw my self into the chaise which was to bear me towards your cheerful nest.

fur hat. Any person apprehending the said fellow, so that I get him a gain, shall receive he above reward. EZEKTO STEWART. Aug. 7. NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the late partnership of George & John Barber, which was dissolved by the death of the last mentioned partner, are hereby called on to present them for payment, and these who are in debted to the same, are requested to make payment without delay to Mr. Joseph Sands, senior, who is authors ised to settle with them.

GEORGE BARBER,

Sarviving Partner.

April 24, 1823.

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